MEMPHISAPPEAL

GALLAWAY & KEATING.

Yerms of Supeription. Daily & Weekl;
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Wants, etc., are ten cents per line first insertion, and
five cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Death and Marriage notices, Funeral notices and

Obstuaries, are charged at regular rates.

We will not accept any advertisement to follow read-

ing matter.
First or Fourth page advertisements, stationary, To Contributors and Correspondents: We solicit letters and communications upon subjects of general interest, but such must always be accompanied by a responsible name. We will not return rejected communications.

All letters, communications, or anything else for the APTRAL, should be addressed

GALLAWAY & KEATING, M. C. GALLAWAY,

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB 15, 1877.

WE STILL HAVE FAITH. It will be seen from our dispatches that the committee is still stirring that compost heap, the Louisiana elections. The cause of the Democrats is so pre-eminently just, and that of the Republicans so notoriously infamous that it is impossible for the friends of Tilden to believe that Louisiana will be counted for Hayes. Including the contest over Oregon, there are seven or eight points to be decided, and the country is not prepared to believe that a majority of the judges on the commission will decide every point in favor of Hayes and in accordance with their party predilections. If these judges should make partisan decisions in every case, showing that they had prejudged the questions submitted to them, and a determination to join the conspiracy in swindling Tilden out of the Presidency by a stupendous fraud, they will rear for themselves a monument of infamy which will endure for all time, and will be stigmatized by all posterity, as the partisan judges who were incapable of rising above the mean and groveling prejudices of party bigotry in deciding a simple question of law and justice. Any one of the many points, decided in favor of the Democrats, elects Tilden. Mr. Carpenter, in his speech on Tuesday last, said: "I desire to say, in the first place, that I do not appear for Samuel J. Tilden. He is a gentleman whose acquaintance I have not the honor of having, with whom I have no sympathy, against whom I voted on the sevovember last, and if this tribur could order a new trial, I should vote against him again, believing, as I do, that the accession of the Democratic party to power in this country to-day would be the greatest calamity that could befall this people except one, and that one great calamity would be to keep him out by fraud and falsehood." Mr. Carpenter said he appeared for ten thousand legal voters of Louisiana who have been disfranchised by four villains, whose official title

wince, and to show that he was not still in-

despaired of the final result—the inauguration of Samuel J. Tilden-and it will not

never deserted him. THE SUPREME COURT VACANCY. Not a few of the lawyers of Mississippi are in favor of the advancement of General George to the vacancy on the supreme bench created by the election of Judge David Davis to the United States senate from Illinois, regarding him as one of the most eminent of their number, fitted by nature, study and experience for the duties of the high position. The Ripley bar the other day gave expression to their opinion on this head in a series of resolutions published in the APPEAL of Tuesday, which, so far as we can learn, have met with hearty indorsement outside of the State. The course which General George has pursued in the management of Mississippi politics the past few years has endeared him to his people, and they would feel honored by his advancement to a place on the bench of the highest Federal court. But he is not without competitors for the place. Alabama has already begun to press the claims of Hon. Peter Hamilton, of Mobile, of whom the Register says, "that it knows of no one who combines all the lements of availability for such a place more completely." Judge John A. Campbell, formerly a member of the court, and late assistant secretary of war of the Confederate States, is also mentioned as a proper person to fill the vacancy. Of his capacity for it there can be no question. But the policy of his appointment by Mr. Tilden is questioned. However this may be, there can be no question that, as the Mobile Register says, the new appointee should be from the south. He should be in the prime of life and of vigorous constitution. His ante-bellum record should be that purely of a lawyer and not of a politician. His record during the war should be such as not to excite the animosity of the north. In other words, he should be a man who has had as httle as possible to do with politics, and who has been devoted to his profession and eminent at the bar. As the court now stands, the south is excluded from agents. any voice in its deliberations or decisions. Ohio alone has two members, Mr. Chief-Justice Waite and Mr. Justice Swayne. New York: New Jersey and Pennsylvania, adjoining States, have each one, the Pacific coast one, and the States between the Ohio and the Mississippi two. Clearly, the south should

learning of our section. FROM the South Carolina papers we learn ceived by the Hampton government in South | gleam of the pearls between the parted ru Carolina for taxes, on Wednesday, and so far bies will prove its excellence as a dentrifice, considerably over one hundred thousand dollars have been paid in to the Hampton gov- purifying properties. ernment under the call for ten per cent. of Attention, Mardi-Gras Visitors! the taxes. In the meantime not one dollar is being paid to the Chamberlain usurpation.

Do not forget to pay a visit to the Great
Western Clothing House, and examine the and the courts have enjoined the banks from paying out any of the State's funds upon the goods, which is being sold at such extremely order of Cardozo, Republican, who claims to history of the clothing trade. Remember the house, have been paid in scrip, at the very liberal rate of three dollars per day; but this scrip is being hawked about the streets of Columbia without finding purchasers at any price. Many of the guards have become dis-

have the new justice, and whoever is se-

lected should represent in an eminent and

satisfactory manner the legal ability and

gusted and deserted the sinking ship. Unler the circumstances here indicated, were Chamberlain a man having self-respect, he would get out of the State. But he is not: he is a specimen of the carpetbag race, and the worst of the lot. He prefers to wait the judgment of the electoral commission in the ouisiana case, on which he thinks that of South Carolina will turn, hoping it may be

such as will afford him a further lease of power. His reliance is in the conspirators at Washington, and their ability to bulldoze him through.

Among the many rumors concerning the electoral commission affoat in Washington is one to the effect that in case the commission decide not to investigate the facts of the Louisiana case, Justices Clifford and Field will withdraw. Of course such a rumor can have no foundation, as these gentlemen would scarcely express themselves in this manner. It originated, no doubt, in a firm conviction that if the commission refuses to discharge the duty for which it was organized, and investigate the elections in the disputed States, it is of no use whatever. Such

FIRE AT DARDANELLE.

The stocks of the following firms were removed in a badly damaged condition: G. A. Wilhams, druggist; Jackson & Blevins, general store; Joe Goodman, grocery. The office of Dr. J. J. Jones was torn to pieces and nearly destroyed. It is with great regret and with profound sympathy for our cotem-porary, that we make the announcement of the destruction of the *Independent Arkansi-*an. We are informed that Mr. M'Guire, the proprietor, was severely injured in his a empts to save his property.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITY.

Cairo, February 14: Colonel Gordon, the African explorer, has been appointed governor of the province of Souds Atlanta, February 14: The house of re

resentatives has passed a bill to fund the ra road bonds indorsed by the State. Washington, February 14: General She man and Secretary Cameron have gone New York, to be absent until Saturday. Trenton, February 14: Francis L. Lathro judge of the court of errors and appea

has been appointed receiver of the New Je New York, February 14: Charles Halstead glycerine dealer at No. 62 Vesey street, in been adjudicated a voluntary bankrupt. Lis bilities one hundred thousand dollars. is the returning board of Louisiana. This terrible exposure caused Judge-Bradley to

Paris, February 14: The importance of the attacks on the Duke Decazes, ministe of foreign affairs, have been exaggerated sensible to shame. The APPEAL has never The cabinet and a majority in the assemb are now disposed to sustain him. Joliet, Ill., February 13: A fire this morn-ing destroyed Barret & Son's hardware stock,

yield the contest until Bradley perpetrates the baseness of voting on the Oregon ques-Lockwood's drug-store and other offices causing a total loss of about twenty thousand ollars. The property was insured. tion in opposition to his own ruling in the Florida case. When, twelve months ago, Indianapolis, Ind., February 14: Advices the APPEAL espoused the cause of Tilden for from New Orleans, received here at noon, state that Dr. M. M. Wishard, superintendthe Presidency, and urged his nomination at

St. Louis, amid calumny and insinuations which he knew to be false and unjust, we had a chiding faith in his star, and we believe it Cleveland, February 13: About one o'clock this afternoon a fire broke out in Bradley's will yet culminate in the ascendancy. He is a man of destiny, and his lucky star has flouring mill, at Ravenna, Ohio. The mill and contents were totally destroyed. The loss will approximate several thousand dollars,

partly covered by insurance. No other buildngs were destroyed. Washington, February 14: A New York laim agent and a clerk in the first auditor's lepartment will be arrested to-morrow. On the result of an inquiry into the collection of unclaimed interest, at least fifty thousand

dollars have been collected through the con-nivance of this official and the agent. Chicago, February 13: The Northwestern darrymen's association convened here to-day, and President Gooch made his annual ad-The reports of the various members show that the business has been unprecedent-edly good, and has not felt the hard times which have depressed other industries.

Boston, February 14: The striking engineers of the Boston and Maine railroad threaten to stop every road running out of Boston if the employes assist the Boston and Maine railroad, and use every means to buy off the new men. They have succeeded in some cases, paying as high as five hundred

New York, February 14: The trial of the suit of Henry H. Boody against Samuel J. Tilden was begun this morning at the special term of the superior court. The plaintiff sues for copartnership account in the pool in railroad stocks in 1864, and for twenty-six thousand dollars, which, it is aleged, defendant was overpaid under misap-

orehension as to the profits. Urbana, O., February 14: A most disastrous fire broke out in the back shed of Kullingcamp's bakery, at four o'clock this morn-ing, and at half-past seven o'clock the whole building was laid in ashes. The livery stable of Charles Ganson was next consumed; then followed the houor store of Gugenhem & Gardner; the billiard-rooms of B. Christiany; the grocery of C. Stockard, and many other business houses. The fire was in the center of the town, and destroyed the principal business portion of the city. At eleven o'clock the fire was under control. Loss, sev-

FROM Coleman and Rogers'—Pharmacy, 178 W. Baltimore street, Baltimore, March 1, 1876: The increasing demand for Colden's liquid extract of Beef and tonic invigorator is a sure evidence of its success. We are daily receiving testimonials of a highly complimentary character. G. W. Jones & Co.

enty-five thousand dollars; insurance not

Keep's Custom Shirts made to measure,
The very best, 6 for \$9, delivered free everywhere.
Keep's Patent Partly-Made Dress Shirts,
The very best, 6 for \$7, delivered free everywhere.
An elegant set of Gold plate collar and sleeve
Buttons given with each half dozen Keep's shirts.
Samples and full directions mailed free to any adoress.

erchants supplied at a small commission on cost.

rade circulars mailed free on application.

sep Manufacturing Company, 165 Mercer street,

New York

For Mardi Gras. A large variety of ladies' white and fancy olored slippers and boots, at A. G. Dennis's,

Advertised by Smiles,

NASHVILLE. Senator Ragiand's Bill to Compromise

the State Debt at Fifty Cents on the Dollar.

Proposition to Donate the Hermitage Property to Mrs. Jackson-The Jackson-Dickinson Duel.

Tabulated Statement of Business Done by Insurance Companies in this State during 1876.

Insurance Business in the State during 1876.

The following figures, compiled from the returns in the office of the state commissioner insurance, show the business operations for 1876, of the various classes of insurance companies doing business in Tennessee—only a a course would, however, accomplish no good few, which have not yet sent in their statepurpose. The vacancies would be filled by ments being omitted: COMPANIES OF OTHER STATES.

the majority and the end be reached as if	COMPANIES OF OTHER STATES.			
they had held on.		Risks written in 1876.	Premiums received in 1876.	Losses in curred in 1876.
FIRE AT DARDANELLE.		\$2,517,676 00	\$34,333 30	\$16,976 60
	In. Co. of	525,950 00	9,905-09	2.324 25
Loss Estimated to be between \$75,000	Niagara		7.074 32	3,490 14
	Ætna	2.055.050 00	31.069 56	19,011 61
and \$100,000 - Many Business Houses	Hartford	1,929,955 00	25,124 48	5,716 11
Destroyed-The Independent Ar-	Phoentx	1,079,101 00		6,194 86
kansian Office Burned-Dr.	Conn'cut	163,900 09	1,674 39	1,550 00
M'Guire Injured.	Manhatt'n,			
at waite riqurea.	N. Y	311,232 00	3,523 24	1,496 74
	Westch'ter	587,196 00	6,147 96	280 50
The second secon	Phenix	857,765 00 442,697 00	13,221 19 6,898 73	13.294 83
Information reached this city yesterday,	Hanover Germania		6,898 73	958 67
says the Little Rock Gazette of Tuesday, that	Amazon	595,956 00	9,641 77	14,530 06
at two o'clock Monday morning a fire broke	Fir'ns F'nd		3,128 69	130000
out in the building of Mr. Freed, in Darda-	Fr'nklin,of			
nelle, and before it was checked a large and	Phil'a Fr'nklin.of	952,510 83	15,275 92	3,665 88
valuable portion of the business part of the	St. Louis N'tional, of	127,160 00	2,829 41	3,217 13
town was destroyed. We are without further	Hartford		3,777 97	130 00
information than a general supposition ex-	G'nAm'can		8,280 50	3,598 41
pressed by the people that the fire was the	Aretle, NY	28,600 00	566 57	1.034 57
result of an accident. The loss is estimated	Atl'tic, N. Y. People's or		6,510 71	1,047 04
at about one hundred thousand dollars, with	Newark:	277,590 00	8,617 49	589 51
but little insurance.	Trader's	180,840 00	1,436 92	4000
The following were burned out: C. M.	Sp'fld Fire		120,000	
Freed, White & Hensley, Williams, shoe-	& M'rine C'mmeial,	146,650 00	2,627 68	3,409 20
maker; Ploss & Pergass, grocers; M. W. Croom, druggist; Cathin & Hughes, general	St. Louis	652,247 00	10,257 34	2,116 59
store; Hart & Berry, general store; G. W.	St. Louis, of St Louis	146,600 00	2,857 93	1,338 75
Magness, undertaker; Obe. Woods; the ware-	St. Joseph, of St. Jo.	287,950 00	4.093 85	1,706 75
house of G. S. Kimball, occupied by C. M.	Br. Am'ca.	68,300 00	1.042 74	1,100 10
	Home, Co-	00,000,00	1.010	
Freed, was torn down and afterward burned; Toomer & Cagrey, lawyers; Guest & Bullock,	lumbus M'bile Fire	50,575 00	802 07	
lawyers; storehouse formerly occupied by J.	Dep'nt	26,850 00	688 95	
F. Dismukes went with the balance—it was at the time of the fire occupied by C. M.	& F., Gal.	92,700 00	1,591 91	

1.		Risks teritten in 1876.	received in 1876.	curred in 1876.		
d t		\$2,022,522 00	\$26,042 71	\$14,893 23		
e	Union Liverp'l & London &	559,500 00	6,589 42	4,161 00		
16	Globe Lond'n As- sur a n c e	1,312,797 00	18,711 47	12,779 62		
- [3	Corpor't'n ancas'tre. lambur g-	617,435 00 240,910 00	7.565 71 3,192 16	1,501 83		
	Bremen Imperial.	433,025 00	6,366 34	2,861 21		
	of Lond'n	307,641 00	4,543 07	723 49		
e 🗀	of Lond'n	307,641 00	4,543 07	26 49		
-	TENNESSEE COMPANIES.					
		Risks written in 1876.	Pre m i ums received in 1876.			

PORKIGN COMPANIES.

	Risks written in 1876.	Pre m i ums received in 1876.	
Bluff City, fire		\$19,358 99	8 7,249 5
marine		6,445 54	2,902 8
fire		18,177 78	1,246 4
Hernand o, marine.		22,986 07	6,678 8
Mem phis City, fire	************	17.233 38	2,628 7
Mem phis City, mar-			200
Peo ple s'.		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	2,205 0
fire Peoples',	\$1,583,546 00	22,408 38	1,050 2
marine Equit a ble,	*********	275 18	
fire	2.341,574 00		16,323 5
State, fire State, mar-	2,330,780 00	32,454 08	9,485 5
frankland,	375,583 00	2,784 44	2000
Knoxville		7.193 16	1.896 0

Bill to Compromise the State Debt at Fifty Cents. The following bill was introduced by Senator Ragland, on Monday, and one very similar in its provisions was presented in the house by Mr. Peters:

A bill to be entitled "An Act to Compromise the State Debt:" Section 1. Be it enacted by the Genera Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That all the legally issued bonds of the State of ennessee, together with the coupons matu ing between the dates of January 1, 1876 and January 1, 1878, both inclusive, may be unded into six per cent, coupon bonds of the State of Tennessee, at fifty cents on the dol lar of said bonds and coupons. SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the bonds issued in pursuance of this act shall be

styled the compromise bonds of the State of Tennessee, and numbered from one to-and shall be of the denomination of fiv hundred and one thousand dollars each, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, evi-denced by coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each and every year from and includ-ing the first day of July, 1878, to the matu-rity of the bonds. Said bonds shall have twenty years to run from January 1, 1878, and shall be redeemable at the option of the

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted. That said compromise bonds" and coupons respective after the date of their maturity, shall be eccivable for all taxes and other dues to the state, and shall have the same printed on their face; and said bonds shall be in the following forms, to-wit:

COMPROMISE BONDS OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE. Know all men by these presents:

That the State of Tennessee hereby prom-ses to pay the bearer the sum of one thou and dollars, in lawful money of the United States, in the city of Nashville, on the — day of —, 18—, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-an-nually, in January and July of each year, on the presentation of the coupons hereto attached, for the prompt payment of which, principal and interest, the faith, honor and redit of the State of Tennessee is solemnly dedged. The bond and its coupons respect-vely, at maturity, shall be receivable for all axes and other dues to the State issued un der and in pursuance of an act passed by the general assembly of the State of Tennessee, on the — day of —, 1877. In witness whereof, I, —, governor of the State, have hereunto signed my name, and caused the same to be countersigned by the secretary of

the state, and the great seal of the State to this — day of —, 18—.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, That so many of the coupons on the bonds or detached therefrom funded or registered under the set, falling due between the dates. der the act falling due between the dates of July 1, 1874, and July, 1875, both inclusive, as now remain unpaid, shall be paid, on preentation to the comptroller, in money, and

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That nothng in this act shall be so construed as to apply to the permanent school fund of the state, nor to such bonds as were owned and neld by the educational and charitable instiautions in this State prior to the passage of the funding act of March 15, 1873, nor to the onds owned by the widow or widows of any leceased ex-President or their families in

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, That the node and manner of funding and cancelling the bonds, the reports of officers, the manner of engraving the bonds, and the books to be kept by the comptroller and secretary of state, shall be such as made and provided in sections three and four of the funding act passed March 15, 1873.

The Hermitage Property. The resolutions of Senator Cahill, relative to the Hermitage property, are, says the Nashville American of Tuesday, opportune and commendable. It would be but an act of just magnanimity on the part of the State t donate to Mrs. Jackson the Hermitage home stead and one-half of the tract of land. The entire property was sold by her husband to the State for forty-eight thousand dollars in State bonds, which are now selling at fortythree cents. The act authorizing the purchase was passed February II, 1856 (acts of 1855-56, chapter 96). By this act the governor was authorized and required to tender this property to the general government of the United States, upon the express condition

chapter 52, acts of 1857-8, the Federal gov-ernment was allowed a further time of two years to accept that tender. The war coming on, nothing resulted from the tender to the

government. It is not now probable that any branch of West Point will ever be established in the south. It is for the legislature to determine whether they will not secure for the State the valuable relies, every day grow-ing more and more valuable, which were left by the hero of New Orleans to Andrew Jack son, jr., and his wife. They should not be permitted to pass into the hands of specu-lators, nor, indeed, ot private individuals. They should be the property of Tennessee.

The Jackson-Dickinson Duci. The following correspondence, says the American, will be read with interest, not only in Tennessee, but by the admirers of Old Hickory throughout the length and breadth of the land;

NASHVILLE, February 8, 1877. neral W. G. Harding: My Dear Sir-In the Kentucky corre-spondence of the Cincinnati Commercial there spondence of the Cincinnati Commercial there recently appeared a communication describ-ing the duel which took place many years ago between General Andrew Jackson and Charles Dickinson. I inclose to your address a paper containing it, for the purpose of call ing your attention to the closing paragraph which is as follows:

"Jackson never exhibited the slightes "Jackson never exhibited the slightest compunction for the part he took in this bloody affair. He very rarely alluded to it, but when he did it was always with perfect complacency. It is told of him that a gentleman was once examining his dueling pistols. Taking up one of them the general quietly remarked: "That is the pistol with which I killed Mr. Dickinson."

This is not according to my recollection. Governments

This is not according to my recollection. Gov-ernor Neill S. Brown informs me that you had a conversation with our great and good friend at the Hermitage, a short time before his death, upon this subject, in which he ex-pressed regret at the occurrence in terms that reflected most creditably on his great name and fame. Should not the truth of history be vindicated? I am, dear sir, very truly J. GEORGE HARRIS. BELLE MEADE, NEAR NASHVILLE, February 9, 1877.

J. George Harris: My Dear Sir-I am obliged for your kind favor of the eighth instant; also for the paper (Cincinnati Commercial) containing ar unt of the duel between General Andrew Jackson and Charles Dickinson, which is incorrect in some essential points, and does great injustice to General Jackson, as will appear from the recital of a conversa-tion which took place between him and my-

At the time General Jackson retired from the Presidential chair and for several years thereafter, I lived in M'Spadden's bend on the Cumberland river, three or four miles dis-tant from the Hermitage, and it was my Pleasure to visit the old hero frequently.
On the occasion referred to, I found General Jackson alone, which was not often the

case. In the course of the conversation, I asked him whether brave men were ever rightened. General Jackson replied: "I do not know, sir, that I am competent to answer the ques

I answered: "The world, and especialty those who know you best, will accord you as much courage as belongs to man." General Jackson then replied: "If that be so, sir, I would say that I have been as badly rightened as any man ought ever to be. I asked him on what occasion he was frightened, supposing that he referred to some of his Indian engagements.

The general said: "It was, sir, when I fought the duel with Mr. Diekinson. In the first place, sir, I had no unkind feeling against Mr. Dickinson, and no disposition to injure a hair of his head. I had gone as far as an honorable man could go to avoid the

difficulty with Dickinson; he had not injured

e, and, therefore, I had no ground of complaint against him; my quarrel had been with his father-in-law, Colonel Erwin. I knew Dickinson to be a brave, honorable gentleman, and the best shot with the pistol ever saw-far better than myself, for I was I ever saw—far better than myself, for I was never an expert with that weapon. I knew that he could shoot quicker and truer than I could. I therefore went upon the ground expecting to be killed, and I owe the preservation of my life on that occasion to the fashions of the day, for I wore a coat with rolling collar and very full-breasted; but, fortunately for me, sir, I was organized with a very narrow chest.

Dickinson's hell struck very near the conter Dickinson's ball struck very near the of my coat, and, while it scraped the breast bone, it did not enter the cavity of the chest. In an instant, under the impression that I was, perhaps, mortally wounded, and upon the impulse of the moment, I fired and my antagonist fell-and no event of my life, sir, have I regretted so much. My determination before and after taking position was to dis charge my pistol in the air, but because I felt the effect of his shot I fired at him. Just

here, sir, let me add that the world has done me greatinjustice, for I am charged with having brought on the difficulty, and with having fixed the terms so as to reserve my fire and advance; and it charges me with having advanced upon Dickinson, and sho him when I was within a few feetof him—all of which is false, sir. I fired instantly after receiving his shot, and from my position; and Dickinson stood in his position and reseived my fire like a brave man, as he was The above is the conversation nearly verbatim as it occurred between General Jackson and myself in reference to that duel. Very

W. G. HARDING. A BEAUFIFUL woman must be healthy, and A REAUFIFUL woman must be healthy, and to continue healthy and beautiful, you must take Dr. J. H. M'Lean's strengthening cordial and blood purifier. It imparts tone, and flush to the skin, strength, vigor and pure blood. Dr. J. H. M'Lean's office, 314 Chestnunt street, St. Louis, Missouri.

truly, your friend,

REDUCED prices in boots, shoes and hats at A. G. Dennis's old stand, 292 Main.

SPECIAL NOTICES. ALL nervous, exhausting, and painful disease speedily yield to the curative influences of Pulve

macher's Electric Belts and Bands. They are safe simple and effective, and can be easily applied by the patient himself. Book, with full particulars, malled free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIA Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, A CARD. etions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay,

loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D. Bible House New York City.

ORGANIZED IN 1846.

Connecticut Mutual

Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Assets, : : \$43,494,650 92 Surplus | 4 Per Cent. | 4,004,851 92

Dividend | For 1875 | 2,543,556 08

phis Agency. JACOB L GREENE Secretary
JOHN M. TAYLOR Ass't Secretary

Jas. S. Carpenter & Co. . Gen'l Agents for Tennessee, No. 43% MADISON STREET Memphis Tennessec. TANHOOD

RESTORED. for the speedy cure of nervous debility premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any crucial has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., S6 Nassau S4., N. Y.

J. A. SIMMONS 3 Madison St., Memphis, Gen'l Insurance Agent

50 brls. Powdered and Cut-leaf Sugar, 100 hhds. New Orleans Sugars, 1000 barrels Flour-various grades, 100 barrels Navy Beans and Grits, 10 casks new Prunes and Currants, 400 sacks Rio, Java and Cordova Coffee, 600 boxes Codfish and Dried Herring, 100 tubs strictly Choice Butter, 500 boxes fresh Crackers and Biscuits, 50 bris. choice Hams and Bfst. Bacon, 200 boxes mild Cheese, 500 pkgs. Pickles and Spiced Pigsfeet,

95 pkgs. Missouri Cider, and numerous other articles, at G. A. Eckerly & Bros.

FRONT AND UNION STREETS, Memphis, : Tennessee.

Butterick's Patterns



STEAM-ENGINES



Wood, Tabor & Morse. Eaton, Madison Co., New York, LEA & PERRINS'



Worcestershire Sauce

LEA & PERRINS' SIGNATURE is on EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea Derinis JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

P. CROW, DEALER IN WOOD!

MEDICAL. PRESCRIPTION FREE. OR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Los Manhood, and all disorders brought on by in seretion or excess. Ang druggist has the ingredits. Address, DR. JAQUES & CO., Checimati, Ohio.

SUCCESS Test of Merit.

VEGETINE!

The great success of Vegetine in curing such diseases as Scrofula, inherited in the blood, together with the increasing demand of the medicine, is conclusive evidence of its actual merit. No medicine was ever placed before the public with so much positive proof of its real value as the Vegetine, which has cured many cases of Scrofula of five, ten and twenty years standing, where the patient has had many physicians, tried many of the known remedies; and, after trying the Vegetine, the common remark is, "It acts differently, works differently from any medicine I have ever taken." Vegetine will cleanse Scrofula from the system. Try it.

Unprecedented Merit. Boston, January I, 1876.

H. R. Stevens, Esq. — Dear Sir: For many years have been afflicted with a humor in the blood which finally developed into Scald Head, and only those who are similarly afflicted can realize the disagreeable suffering one lacences light in the suffering one in the second state. ne sancring one is compened to endure with amplaint. For a long time my head was in ad-il condition. I used various kinds of remedie sedicines, some of which was especially pre-or me. I got no better; indeed, constantly orse, the surface of my head being entirely worse, the surface of my head being entirely cov-ered with sores of the most aggravated nature. This was my condition when I commenced taking the Vegetive, which I am pleased to inform you and the public (if you choose to make it public), has made a complete and satisfactory cure of my dis-

is public and satisfactory case of age as ase; and I shall always deem it a great pleasure ase; and I shall always deem it a great pleasure. I remain, very thankfully.

CHARLES R. SMITH,
338 Fourth street, South Boston. All Diseases of the Blood. If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify and are such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect eaith after trying different physicians, many remeles, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if on are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this redictine performing such great cures? It works in

e blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly build the GREAT BLOOD PUBLIFIER. The great

arce of disease originates in the blood; a dicine that does not act directly upon it, to d renovate, has any just claim upon pul

Seventy-one Years of Age.

East Maishffeld, August 22, 1870.

Mr. H. R. Stryens—Dear Sir: I am seventy-one years of age; have suffered many years with Kidney Complaint, weakness in my back and stomach. I was induced by friends to try your Vegetine, and I think it is the best medicine for weakness of the kidneys I ever used. I have tried many remedies for this complaint, and never found so much relief as from the Vegetine. It strengthens and invigorates the whole system. Many of my acquaintances have taken it, and I believe it to be good for all the complaints for which it is recommended. Yours truly, JOSIAH H. SHERMAN. Seventy-one Years of Age.

Reliable Evidence. MR. H. R. STEVENS- Dear Sir: I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, Versktine, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise; for I was troubled over thirty years with that dreadful disease, Catarrh, and had such bad coughing-spells that it would seem as though I never could breath any more, and Vergetine has cured me; and I do feel to thank God all the time that there is so good a medicine as Vergetine; and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs and weak, sinking feelings at the stomach. coughs and weak, sinking feelings at the stome and advise everybody to take the Vegetine, for I ann savise everyong to take the VEGETINE, for I c assure them it is one of the best medicines that c was. MRS. L. GORE. Cor. Magazine and Walnut sts., Cambridge, Mass.

Appreciation.
CHARLESTOWN, MASS. March 10, 1869.
H. R. STEVENS—Dear Sir: This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" (Vegeties) in my family for several years, and I think for Scrotula and Cankerous Humors or Rheumatic Affections it cannot be excelled; and as a Blood Purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully. MRS. A. A. DINSMORE.

10 Russell street. Appreciation.

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JAMES B. EMERY, Assignee.

DIVIDEND NOTICE. OFFICE OF PHOENIX INSURANCE CO., MEMPHIS, January 9, 1877. At a regular meeting of the Board of Director

Dividend of Five per Cent. was declared upon the capital stock of this Com-pany, the same to be credited upon the stock notes. THOS. H. ALLEN, President. S. B. CLARKE, Secretary. Late S. U. Senator. REES B. EDMONDSON, Memphis, Tenn

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